

## INSTANT FILM EMULSION LIFT RECIPE

This technique floats the emulsion off the surface of a fully-developed Instant Film print positive. The thin layer of emulsion is then applied to a substrate. Folds and overlays are inherent in the process.

### MATERIALS *supplied by the student*

Originals of your work in Digital format [either Transparency or Print on Paper]  
FujiFilm 100c Instant Film, or Polaroid Type 669 Instant Film  
Receiving Material  
    Archival Printmaking Paper, such as Arches 88, Rives BFK, Crane, Stonehenge  
        should be un-sized with a smooth surface (hot-press), 140 lb or more  
    Any Other Substrate such as glass, metal, wood, etc. (*optional*)  
Clear Acetate or Mylar Sheet  
Gloss Gel Medium (*optional*)  
Small Foam Brush

### EQUIPMENT *available in the Lab*

Daylab Processor	Electric Skillet	Thermometer
2 Trays	Tongs	Scissors
		Brayer
		Hair Dryer

## THE PROCESS

### EXPOSE AND PREP

tear down \_\_\_\_\_ the paper or cut the receiver material to the appropriate size  
set the Film Type \_\_\_\_\_ to 3 for Fuji 100c, ASA 100, or 2 for Polaroid 669, ASA 80  
expose the film \_\_\_\_\_ in the Daylab processor  
    + will darken the print, - will lighten it  
pull the film \_\_\_\_\_ through the rollers, smoothly and evenly  
wait 90 seconds \_\_\_\_\_ for film to fully process  
peel away \_\_\_\_\_ the negative from the positive  
set aside \_\_\_\_\_ the negative (but save for another process)  
set and dry \_\_\_\_\_ the Print Positive fully  
use a hair dryer \_\_\_\_\_ for 1-2 minutes (it can also be left overnight to air dry)  
trim \_\_\_\_\_ to the size of the picture, eliminating all white borders

### COOK AND LIFT

fill \_\_\_\_\_ the electric skillet with water  
heat \_\_\_\_\_ to 160° F  
immerse \_\_\_\_\_ the print face up into the hot water  
use the tongs \_\_\_\_\_ on the edges to make sure it stays immersed  
keep in hot water \_\_\_\_\_ until white bubbles start to appear on the surface  
    the Emulsion should start to lift off on its own in about 3 ~ 5 minutes  
place \_\_\_\_\_ a sheet of clear acetate in a tray of cold water  
transfer \_\_\_\_\_ the print with tongs into the tray of cold water  
lightly push \_\_\_\_\_ the emulsion with your fingers until it lifts off the backing  
maneuver \_\_\_\_\_ the emulsion onto the acetate sheet  
    try to flatten out \_\_\_\_\_ the wrinkles  
    although some feel the wrinkles are the best part!  
remove \_\_\_\_\_ the acetate with the Emulsion Lift from the tray of water

## INSTANT FILM EMULSION LIFT RECIPE, cont'd.

### TRANSFER AND GLUE

remove \_\_\_\_\_ the backing material from the water  
pick up \_\_\_\_\_ the adhesive from the backing material  
use a small foam brush  
Gloss Gel Medium or Mod Podge can also be used  
apply \_\_\_\_\_ the adhesive to the receiver material  
be careful \_\_\_\_\_ to apply only in the image area  
slide \_\_\_\_\_ the Emulsion Lift onto the adhesive-coated receiver  
brayer lightly \_\_\_\_\_ over the emulsion from the middle outwards  
clean \_\_\_\_\_ any glue off the brayer immediately!  
remove \_\_\_\_\_ any excess glue from beyond the image area  
use a paper towel  
  
allow \_\_\_\_\_ to air dry (overnight)

an additional layer of Gloss Gel Medium or Mod Podge can be applied over the finished piece (*optional*)

### CHEMICAL SAFETY

Always be careful when developing and handling Instant Film materials. When the Instant Film prints are pulled apart, the developing chemicals are exposed. These chemicals are toxic and somewhat caustic. Keep away from skin and eyes.

### AESTHETIC CONSIDERATIONS

There is a certain amount of translucency with these lifts. This can be used to make interesting multiple image pieces and overlays.

The ability to adhere lifts to any surface make the possibility of making photographic objects. Just do not let the receiver overpower the image. Remember – *'form supports content'*.

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